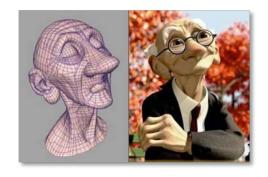
G22.2274-001, Fall 2010 Advanced Computer Graphics

Introduction and Overview

What is this course?

- Capstone course = projects course in Computer Graphics
- Each student will do a project in one of the following areas
 - Computer Animation
 - Interactive Shape Modeling
 - Image Processing/ Computational photography
- Roughly bi-weekly meetings to discuss progress

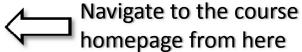






Organization

Olga Sorkine
 sorkine@cs.nyu.edu
 http://www.cs.nyu.edu/~sorkine/



- Office hours:
 - Weeks with course meeting:
 Mondays, 6-7pm, Room 1204 (i.e. right before class)
 - Weeks without course meeting:Mondays, 5-6pm, Room 1204
 - Other meeting times can be coordinated via e-mail

Organization

- Course website
 http://www.cs.nyu.edu/~sorkine/courses/adv
 cg/adv cg10/pmwiki.php
- Mailing list: g22_2274_001_fa10@cs.nyu.edu
- Check the website often for updates!

Organization

Course materials

 Links to project descriptions, relevant papers, presentations and tutorials on the course website

 Papers from: ACM SIGGRAPH, Symposium on Geometry Processing (SGP), Shape Modeling International (SMI), Eurographics, etc.

http://kesen.huang.googlepages.com/

Prerequisites

- Basic familiarity with Computer Graphics topics
- Programming knowledge and specifically graphics and GUI programming. If you don't have those, you'll have to catch up quickly during the semester.
- Be prepared to research the Internet, read related academic literature and work independently.

Class plan

- First two meetings (9/13, 20/9):
 - Project descriptions by me, questions
- By 9/27 participants study the projects and send me a ranked list of preferences
- On 9/28 each participant is assigned a project
- 10/04: everyone presents their project descriptions and tentative work plan

Class plan

- After the preliminary meetings:
 - roughly bi-weekly class meetings to discuss progress
 - Each student presents the current state of her/his project, with live demo and slides if necessary
- During no-class weeks: individual meetings if needed
- Lectures on special issues that arise
- Final project presentations last two weeks of the semester (12/6, 12/13)

Grading

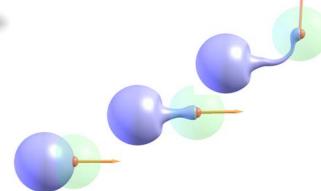
- 30% interim class presentations and participation
- 70% final project
 - working code
 - final presentation in class with demo
 - final paper

Project Topics

Computer Animation



Interactive Shape Modeling



Computational Photography Image Processing



Project Topics

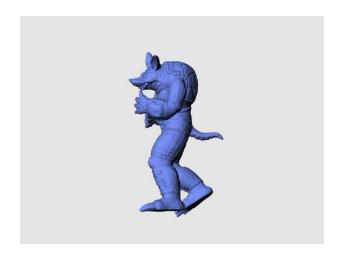
- Each project requires:
 - Reading and summarizing relevant academic literature
 - Understanding and implementing some algorithms described in recent research papers
 - Some projects have additional novel research components
 - Running and testing on various example inputs
 - Debugging
 - Critical evaluation of the results
 - Reporting your work in written form and in class presentation

Project Topics

- I will suggest some projects
 - Descriptions and relevant links will be found on the website
 - Basic explanation about the expected work will be given in class next week
- You are welcome to come up with your own project if you like – must discuss with me and obtain my approval by 9/27.

Character animation

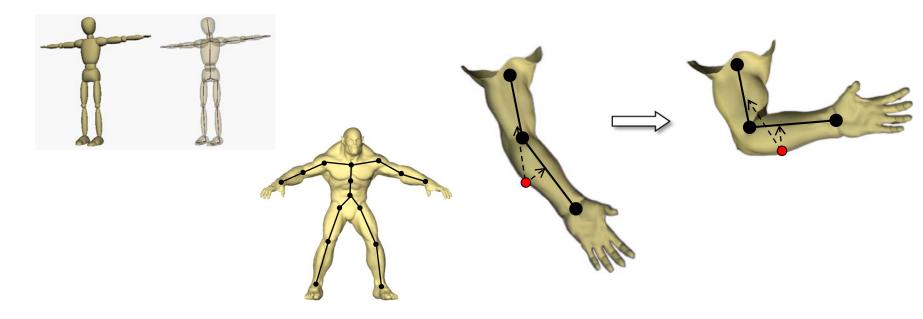
 Create a system for rigging and posing of digital characters (shapes)





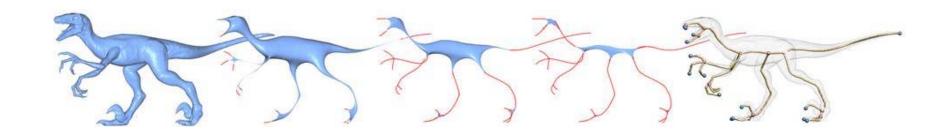
Character animation

- Create a system for rigging and posing of digital characters (shapes)
 - Step 1: compute a skeleton



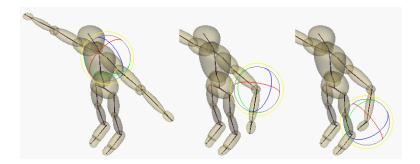
Character animation

- Create a system for rigging and posing of digital characters (shapes)
 - Step 1: compute a skeleton
 - Implement GUI to manually create a skeleton
 - Automatic (bonus): implement the paper "<u>Skeleton</u>
 <u>Extraction by Mesh Contraction</u>", SIGGRAPH 2008



Character animation

- Create a system for rigging and posing of digital characters (shapes)
 - Step 2: GUI for skeleton posing
 - Forward kinematics just change joint angles



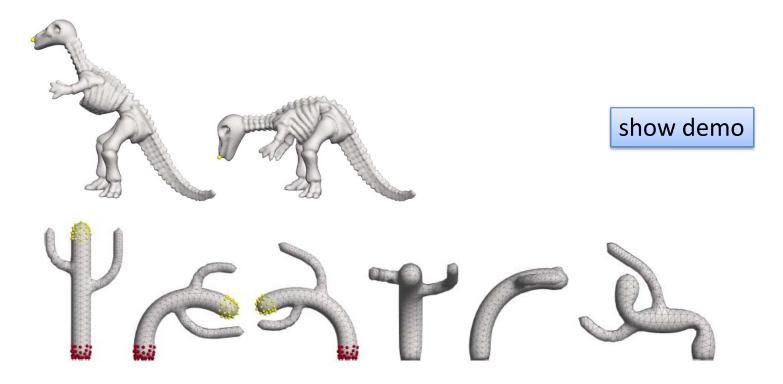
Optional: also add inverse kinematics

Character animation

- Create a system for rigging and posing of digital characters (shapes)
 - Step 3: implement skinning algorithms
 - Basic linear blend skinning
 - <u>Dual Quaternions</u> (Kavan et al. 2008)
 - Optional: also implement one of the recent optimization-based skinning techniques, such as "Real-Time Enveloping with Rotational Regression", SIGGRAPH 2007

Interactive shape editing system

 A system to edit shapes interactively by "grab-and-drag" interface



Interactive shape editing system

- Implement a recent paper:
 - "PriMo", SGP 2006
 - Accelerate by multiresolution hierarchy

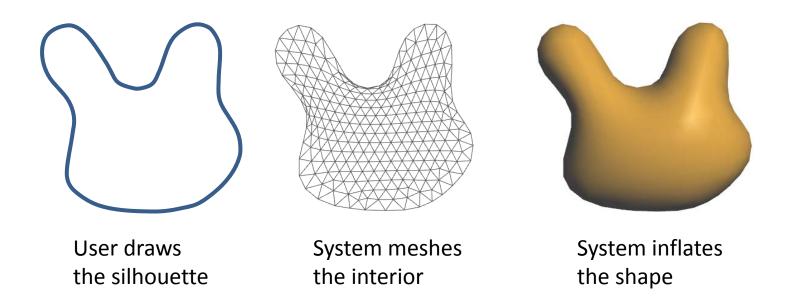
<u>PriMo video</u>





Sketch-based modeling

Inflation of 2D sketches into a 3D shape



FiberMesh demo

Inflate demo

Sketch-based modeling

 Experiment with different inflation techniques, will be detailed in the project description

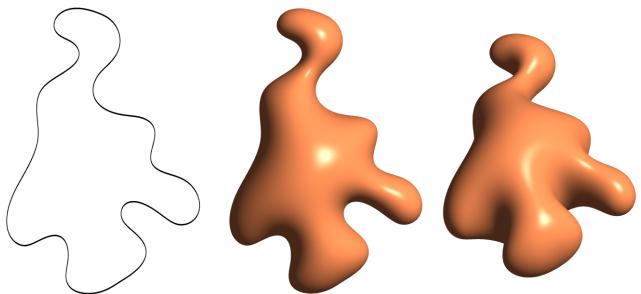


Image courtesy of Ilya Baran

Sketch-based modeling

Variation on the topic: don't necessarily compute a coherent
 3D surface, but just a normal field instead

Good for illuminating drawings



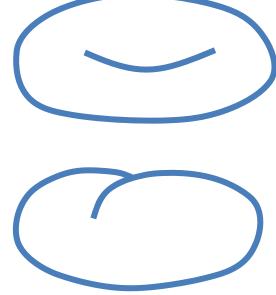




Sketch-based modeling

Variation on the topic: don't necessarily compute a coherent
 3D surface, but just a normal field instead

- Good for illuminating drawings
- Extra challenge here: interior silhouettes!



Sketch-based painting: diffusion curves on surfaces

Implement a system for 3D painting on surfaces



<u>Inspiration from 2D: Diffusion Curves, SIGGRAPH 2008</u>

Sketch-based painting: diffusion curves on surfaces

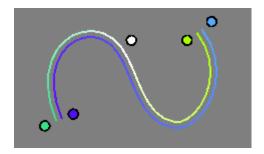
- Implement a system for 3D painting on surfaces
- Color from a curve is diffused by means of the Poisson equation

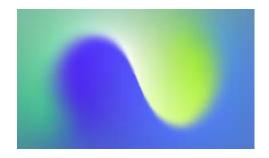


Inspiration from 2D: **Diffusion Curves**, SIGGRAPH 2008

Sketch-based painting: diffusion curves on surfaces

- Implement a system for 3D painting on surfaces
- Color from a curve is diffused by means of the Poisson equation





<u>Inspiration from 2D: Diffusion Curves, SIGGRAPH 2008</u>

Sketch-based painting: diffusion curves on surfaces

- Implement a system for 3D painting on surfaces
- Color from a curve is diffused by means of the Poisson equation
- Bonus: higher-order diffusion with "speed" (tangent) constraints



Image retargeting (resizing)

 The problem: resize an image to fit a display device with a different aspect ratio



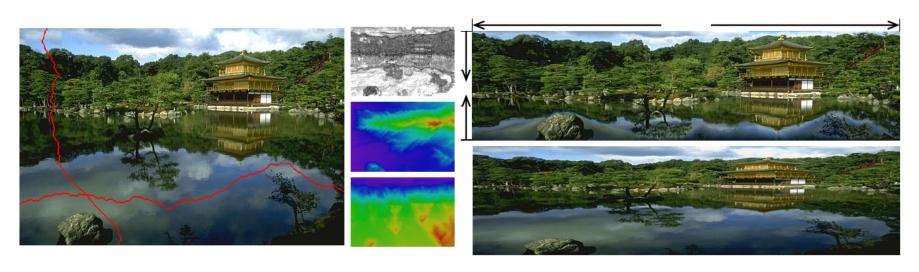
Image retargeting (resizing)

 The problem: resize an image to fit a display device with a different aspect ratio



Image retargeting (resizing)

 The problem: resize an image to fit a display device with a different aspect ratio



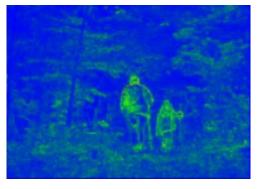
Teaser from "Seam Carving", ACM SIGGRAPH 2007

Image retargeting (resizing)

Approach:

- Compute an importance map of the image
- Warp the image such that regions with high importance are preserved at the expense of unimportant regions



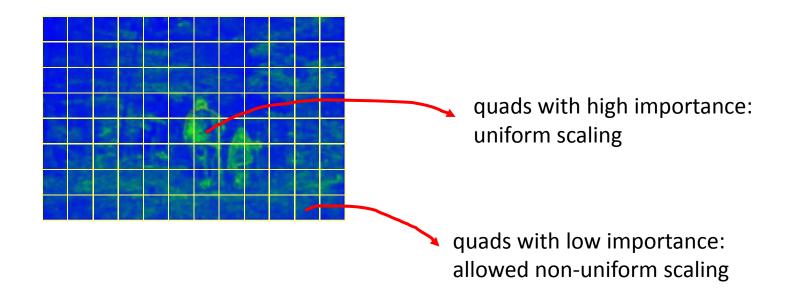




importance map

Image retargeting (resizing)

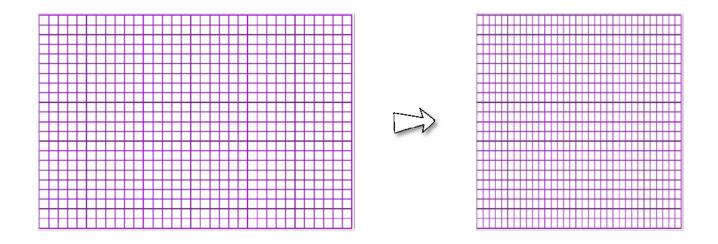
Grid mesh, preserve the shape of the important quads



Optimize the location of mesh vertices, interpolate image

Image retargeting (resizing)

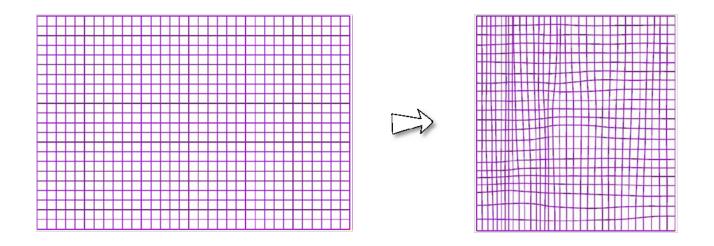
Grid mesh, preserve the shape of the important quads



Optimize the location of mesh vertices, interpolate image

Image retargeting (resizing)

Grid mesh, preserve the shape of the important quads



Optimize the location of mesh vertices, interpolate image

Image retargeting (resizing)

Examples



original



homogeneous resizing



[Wang et al. 08]

Image retargeting (resizing)

Examples



original



homogeneous resizing



[Wang et al. 08]

Image retargeting (resizing)

Examples



original



homogeneous resizing



[Wang et al. 08]

Image retargeting (resizing)

 Problem: often there is too much content and one has to crop, otherwise the warp is too distorting



Image retargeting (resizing)

 Problem: often there is too much content and one has to crop, otherwise the warp is too distorting



Image retargeting (resizing)

 Problem: often there is too much content and one has to crop, otherwise the warp is too distorting



Image retargeting (resizing)

The project:

- Implement the technique from "<u>Motion-based</u>
 <u>Video Retargeting with Optimized Crop-and-</u>
 <u>Warp</u>", SIGGRAPH 2010, on images only
 - The method combines cropping and warping
 - User-parameter: how much of the salient regions one is allowed to remove
- Bonus: for saliency computation, implement a recent interesting paper: <u>Context-aware Saliency</u>
- Extra-bonus: run a user study of the method!
 Compare against the <u>benchmark</u>

Computational Photography

Shaky cam stabilization

Implement "<u>Content-Preserving Warps for 3D</u>
 <u>Video Stabilization</u>", SIGGRAPH 2009











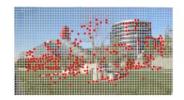




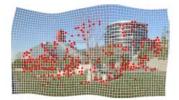


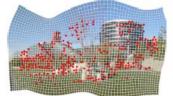


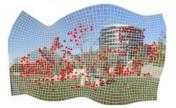














Next week

- More details about the projects
- You are welcome to read the papers and come with questions

Thanks

(and please register if you want to take the course)